

## LONDON MATHEMATICAL SOCIETY PRIZE REGULATIONS: WHITEHEAD PRIZE

## I. GENERAL

1. In 1973 the London Mathematical Society instituted a Senior Whitehead Prize in memory of Professor J. H. C. Whitehead (LMS President, 1953-1955). The Whitehead Fund for this purpose was made up of contributions from a large number of Professor Whitehead's friends, and a generous donation from Mrs Whitehead.

In 1978 the Society decided to institute Whitehead Prizes to be funded by the same moneys.

- 2. The award of the Whitehead Prizes shall be considered annually by the Council of the Society.
- 3. Normally not more than six Whitehead Prizes shall be awarded in any year.
- 4. No person shall be awarded a Whitehead Prize more than once. A Whitehead Prize may not be awarded to any person who has received any other LMS Prize, with the exception of the Anne Bennett Prize, the Berwick Prize or the Senior Berwick Prize. The award of any of these three prizes, and in particular of the Anne Bennett Prize, should not factor into the Prizes Committee's consideration of Whitehead nominees.
- 5. The Prizes shall be restricted to mathematicians who, on 1st January of the year of the award, are either (i) normally resident in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, or (ii) members of the Society mainly educated in the United Kingdom.
- 6. The grounds for the award of a Prize shall include a candidate's work in and influence on mathematics.
- 7. Prizes (joint or single winner) shall only be awarded to mathematicians who on the 1st January of the year of its award are (i) not already Fellows of the Royal Society of London, and (ii) have fewer than 15 years (full time equivalent) of involvement in mathematics at post-doctoral level, allowing for breaks in continuity, or who in the opinion of the Prizes Committee are at an equivalent stage in their career.
- 8. The Prizes are not restricted to mathematicians working in any specific field or area of mathematics.
- 9. Any amendment to these Regulations for the award of the Prizes must be made at a regular meeting of Council at which the proposed amendment must receive the support of an absolute majority of those present at the meeting, whether voting or not, in order to take effect.